DESIGN PARAMETERS OF DRIVER SEAT IN AN AUTOMOBILE

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Abstract
Driver seat is an important system of any automobile, it is also complicated system consists of so many parts, adjustments as well as safety systems. A seat adjustment includes height adjustment, fore and aft adjustment, back recline adjustments. Safety systems include seat belts, air bags and advanced head restraints. Generally professional driver works more than eight hours per day of a week, therefore driver seat must be designed by considering all the parameters. Also uneven road condition induces the vibration in a vehicle transmitted to driver body. Poorly designed driver seat affects the driver health and psychological conditions of mind. Three main objectives of any driver seats are safety, health and comfort of driver. This paper presents all the parameters of driver seat such as anthropometry of human, ergonomics related parameters, seat materials, safety related parameters, comfort related parameters as well as weight and aesthetics with classifications and basics of driver seat.

Keywords: Driver Seat, Comfort, Safety, Health, Adjustments.

1. INTRODUCTION TO DRIVER SEAT

Driver seat is an inseparable part of any automobile. Its main function is not only to provide a seating space to driver but also support, protect and to provide comfortable seating posture to the occupants. Today driver seat design has been given very importance because poorly designed seat affect badly on human health as well as psychological condition of driver hence increases the chances of accidents. It is evolved after evolution of first car at the start of nineteenth century. Following table shows the evolution of driver seats with period and car where it is used.

Table-1: Evolution of Driver Car Seat [9]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Introduced</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1890-1900</td>
<td>Bench Seats</td>
<td>Philion</td>
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<td>1900-1910</td>
<td>Deep Bucket Seats</td>
<td>Thomas</td>
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<tr>
<td>1910-1915</td>
<td>Fold-forward Backrests</td>
<td>Model-T Ford</td>
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<td>1910-1915</td>
<td>Consol Between Seats</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1910-1915</td>
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<td>1910-1920</td>
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<tr>
<td>1920-1925</td>
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<td>Dusenberg</td>
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<td>Viking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1950-1952</td>
<td>Power Seats</td>
<td>Packard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960-1963</td>
<td>Optional Head Restraints</td>
<td>All U.S</td>
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<tr>
<td>1968</td>
<td>Integrated Head restraints</td>
<td>Volkswagen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1969</td>
<td>Standard Head Restraints</td>
<td>All U.S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>Pro Active Head Restraint</td>
<td>Toyota</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.1 Parts of Driver seat
Driver seat is very complicated, consists of large number of parts and mechanisms. Main parts of driver seat are frame, padding, seat pan, head restraints system, reclining mechanism with lever, trim (seat cover), and suspension system, air bags, seat belt, fore and aft adjustment, height adjustment etc.

1.2 Function of Major Components of Seat
1.2.1 Seat Frame
It is most important part of any seat over which all other adjustment systems and components are mounted. It is made from HSLA (High Strength low alloy steel) tube [1] [2].

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[1] [2]
1.2.2 Anchorage
It is nothing but the space at which driver seat is mounted.

1.2.3 Seat Cushion/ Padding
It is that part of seat on which driver sit. It is soft and made from a resilient material such as PU foam of varying stiffness. Base and back cushions are used for seat [1] [2].

1.2.4 Seat Back
It is that part of seat which is vertical or somewhat inclined and supports the driver lumbar, shoulder and head. At the top of seat back generally a head restraint system is mounted. Angle of seat back can be adjusted with the help of back reclining mechanism.

1.2.5 Seat Adjustments
It includes height, fore and aft as well as back reclining adjustment systems used to adjust height, fore and aft distance and angle of back respectively.

1.2.6 Head Restraint
It is mounted over the seat back at top, its main function is to support head also restrict the backward displacement and protect the cervical vertebrae. There are four types of head restraints namely integrated, detachable, separate and proactive head restraints [1] [12]. Proactive is advanced version of head restraint.

1.2.7 Suspension
Generally at two places suspension is used namely seat base and seat back. For suspension springs are used. Main purpose of suspension system is to attenuate the vibrations from road at driver seat and his body.

1.2.8 Trim
It is nothing but outermost covering of a driver seat, made from a cloth or leather of good quality. It has pleasant colour, appearance as well as styling.

2. PARAMETER AFFECTING DRIVER SEAT DESIGN

Wide varieties of parameters must to be considered while designing a driver seat in order to fulfill the following four criteria’s: 1. Driver seat is designed such a way that he can reach vehicle control with clear vision. 2. Seat is designed in such a way that accommodates the driver size and shape. 3. For extended period of driving seat should provide comfort. 4. Seat must guard driver during accident or collision [2].

Following classification shows parameters affecting on the design of driver seat (see fig-2). There are main three types of parameters such as ergonomics related, overall weight of seat and aesthetic related parameters. These parameters again classified into sub parameters. We will discuss those parameters in details.

2.1 Ergonomics Related
Ergonomics is branch of design engineering applied to driver seat design requires that we take into consideration how the products we design fit the people that are using them. When seat fit to the driver it gives more comfort, less stress and maintains good psychological and health condition of driver. Ergonomics can be an integral part of design, manufacturing and use. Knowing how the study of anthropology, posture, repetitive motion, and work space design affects the user is critical to a better understanding of ergonomics as they relate to end-user needs.

2.1.1 Comfort Related Parameters
Comfort is feelings like relief, encouragement, enjoyment and stable. Comfort is dependent on pressure distribution over the seat, thermal comfort, vibration at driver body, geometric parameters.

2.1.1.1 Pressure Distribution Over Seat
For better comfort and proper maintenance of driver health uniform pressure distribution along the human body over the seat is very important parameter. Pressure distribution over a seat is dependent on the properties of cushion material such as stiffness, deflection and design of cushion. Also it depends on nature of loading, seat pan design and backrest design. A proper seat pan contour distributes a uniform pressure over seat and avoids concentration of stress in human buttocks. Properly inclined back rest avoids stresses at buttocks.

2.1.1.2 Thermal Comfort
It is most important ergonomic parameter on which comfort as well as health of driver dependent. Generally seat cushion materials (seat cover, PU foam and coconut fibers) absorb heat from driver body any acts as heat reservoir, this phenomenon is good for health in winter season but responsible for un-comfort in summer season. This problem can be overcome by using different types of seat covers depending on seasons.

2.1.1.3 Vibration
Road surface is not uniform everywhere yet it is constructed properly by advanced technology. Such surface is responsible for vibrations at driver seats. Human body can sustain 4-7 Hz frequency vibrations. Some tractor semi-active hydraulic and active mechanical hydraulic actuators (i.e. suspension systems) are used to attenuate vibration transferred to the driver. Driver seat is so designed that very less vibrations transferred to driver.

2.2 Geometric Parameters
It includes the parameters like lumbar support, backrest slope angle, seat width, depth and height, seat pan angle.
2.2.1 Lumbar Support

Driver works extended periods of times therefore proper lumbar support is very important in order to maintain the position of vertebrae. Large number of anthropometric data is required for proper design of seat which provides support to lumbar. Proper lumbar support can be achieved by maintaining profile of seat cushions of PU foam material.

![Diagram of parameters affecting driver seat design](image1)

**Fig-2:** Classification of Parameters Affecting Design of Driver Seat

2.2.2 Other Adjustments

It includes other parameters apart from lumbar support. Seat adjustments totally depend on driver body shape and size i.e. anthropometry. Therefore seat designer must study the huge amount of data related to anthropometry before building a first prototype. Seat angle is also responsible for pressure distribution over seat. Seat pan can be tilted in between 0-10° angle depending on driver body shapes and sizes.

![Diagram of various seat adjustments](image2)

**Fig-3:** Various adjustments of motor coach driver seat
2.3 Safety Related Parameters
Accidentals safety to the driver is most important thing while designing a driver seat. Safety to head, leg and entire human body is very important. For safety of head air bags are provided in seat and its compartments. Also active head restraint is best device for the safety of driver neck.

2.3.1 Pro Active Head Restraint for Neck Safety
Main function of any head restraint is to provide support to head during collision i.e. to minimize whiplash injury to neck. This is an advanced head restraint which uses a mechanism which activate during the rear end collision and catches driver head. By using such head restraint reduces the whiplash injury to neck by 10-20%.

![Pro active Head Restraint](image)

Fig-4 Pro active Head Restraint

2.3.2 Head Safety through Air Bags
Head is important part of human body, for its safety air bags are provided at front as well as at window side, which reduces the injuries to head during front and side collisions. Seat belt holds the driver body on the seat. To ensure the safety proper design of seat belt and position of air bags are very important part of design.

2.4 Health of Driver
Long driving period affects on human body so seat must be designed for high comfort and safety. Spinal stability is important while driving a vehicle. A well shaped seat cushion can support to the lumbar and maintain proper curvature of lumbar.

2.5 Overall Weight of Seat
Weight of vehicle affects on the fuel consumption of vehicle. In order to maintain low weight of a vehicle, driver seat must be light in weight. Designer must study the light weight materials and by using those materials a light weight seat can be designed. Life of seat is totally dependent on the quality of material used.

2.6 Aesthetic Related Parameters
Apart from strength, life, safety and materials used for seat, physical appearance of seat is most important factor to attract the customers and to increase the sale. Colour, shape and size of seat are three important aesthetic parameters of driver seat.

2.6.1 Colour
Trim is the outermost part of seat. So for better appearance its colour must be attractive and pleasant to the eyes. Also material of trim must be better quality and it does not absorb water as well as does not attract particles of dust, can be clean just by wiping out.

2.6.2 Shape and Size
Seat should be compact and well shaped so that it look better and suit to the driver body.

2.7 Cost of Seat
In order to fulfill the need of customer in minimum cost optimization and mass production of seat is very important aspect. But some time cost is not issue at that time designer can use high quality of material and all advanced safety systems in a driver seat (e.g. Military vehicles, seats of aero plane pilot etc).

3. CONCLUSIONS
Parameters affecting on driver seat design are very complex in nature and require detailed study of human anthropology, seat dimensions, its mechanisms, materials of seat components and its functions, safety factors of driver, advanced systems for safety. Apart from all other parameters safety and health related parameters are very important.
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